

Andante: Composition and Performance with Mobile Musical Agents

Leo Kazuhiro Ueda
Fabio Kon

`{lku, kon}@ime.usp.br`
`http://gsd.ime.usp.br/andante`

Distributed Systems Research Group
Department of Computer Science
Institute of Mathematics and Statistics
University of São Paulo
Brazil

Project supported by CAPES and CNPq, Brazil

Outline

- Introduction
- Mobile Agents
- Mobile Musical Agents
- Andante infrastructure
- Applications
- Future work

Introduction

- Composers always looking for new forms of music composition and performance
- Mobile Agents → Mobile Musical Agents
- Goals:
 - Build an infrastructure for the development of musical applications using mobile agents (the Andante infrastructure)
 - Create such applications
 - Attract the interest of musicians and scientists

Mobile Agent

- Autonomous computer program capable of migrating from one machine to another
- Transfers its code and state
- Heterogeneous network
- May react to changes on the host environment
- Recently explored concept

Mobile Musical Agent

- Mobile agent that participates in the production of distributed music
- Agents get together in network nodes to make music
 - Analog to musicians getting together on a stage to make music

Mobile Musical Agent

- Each agent can perform one or more of the following actions:
 - Encapsulate an algorithm
 - Interact with other agents and/or real musicians
 - React to sensor
 - Migrate to another stage

Mobile Musical Agent

- Example
 - Distributed music
 - Room with several computers connected by a network
 - Each computer equipped with motion sensors and hosts a few agents
 - Agents communicate to each other and play a distributed music piece
 - A specific agent receives information from the sensor in order to follow someone who walks around the room

Mobile Musical Agent

- Example
 - Collaborative music
 - Each user implements an agent and send it to a network node
 - Agents in the same node interact
 - Everybody listens to the resulting sound

The Andante Infrastructure

- Open-source software infrastructure to build and run applications based on mobile musical agents
- Intended to run on different operating systems (such as Linux, MacOS, and Windows)
- Create a community where composers and programmers collaborate to develop the system
- Code available under the GPL

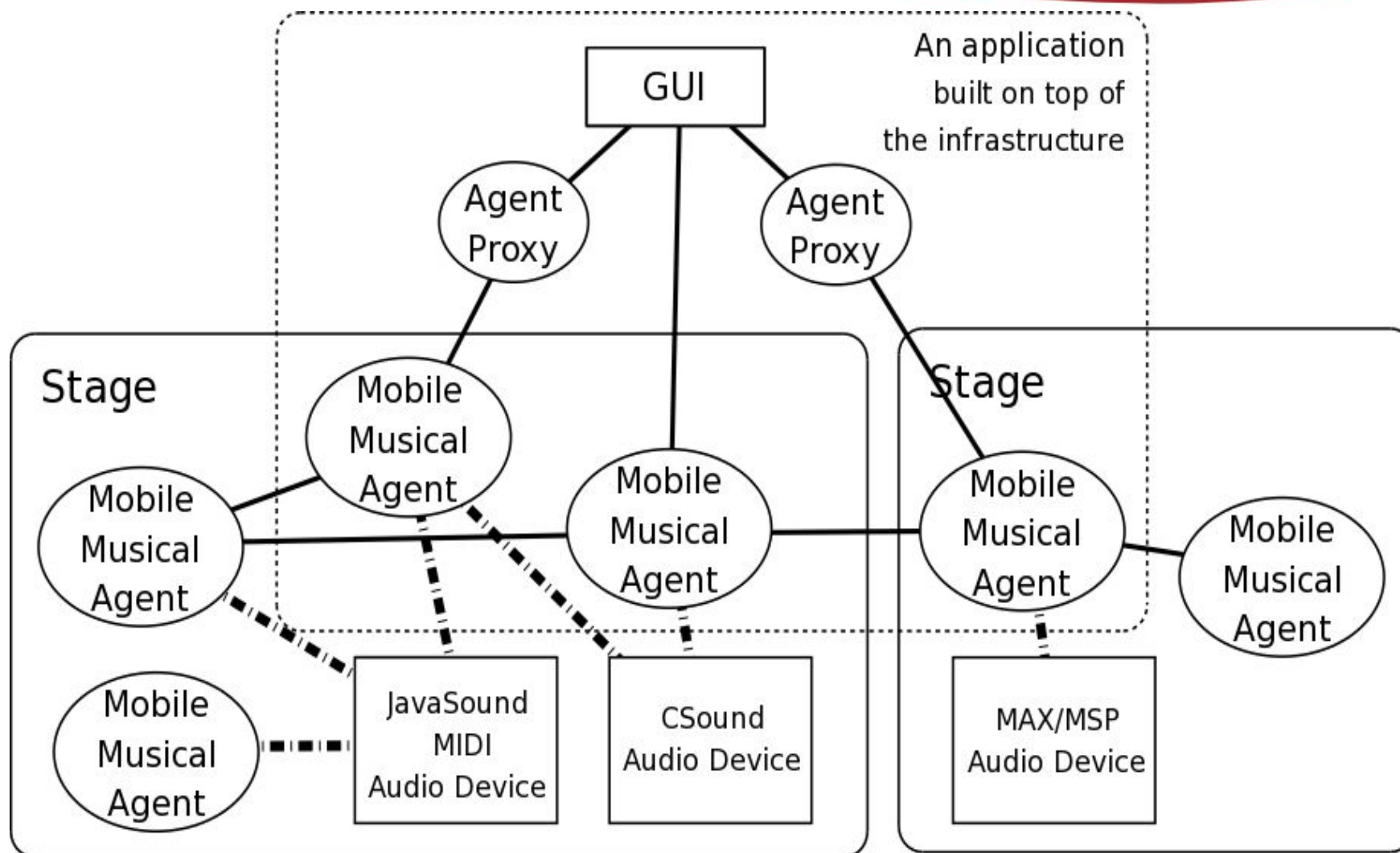
Used Technologies

- Java
 - Platform independence
 - Java Swing and Sound API
- CORBA
 - Allows the use of other programming languages
- Aglets
 - Mobile agent system support for Java
- MIDI (Java Sound API)
- MAX/MSP (only preliminary experiments)

Architecture

- *Stage* hosts agents
- *Agents* perform actions in a Stage
- *Audio Device* allows agents to produce sound
- *External program* provides human interaction with the agents
- *Agent Proxy* offers agent location transparency

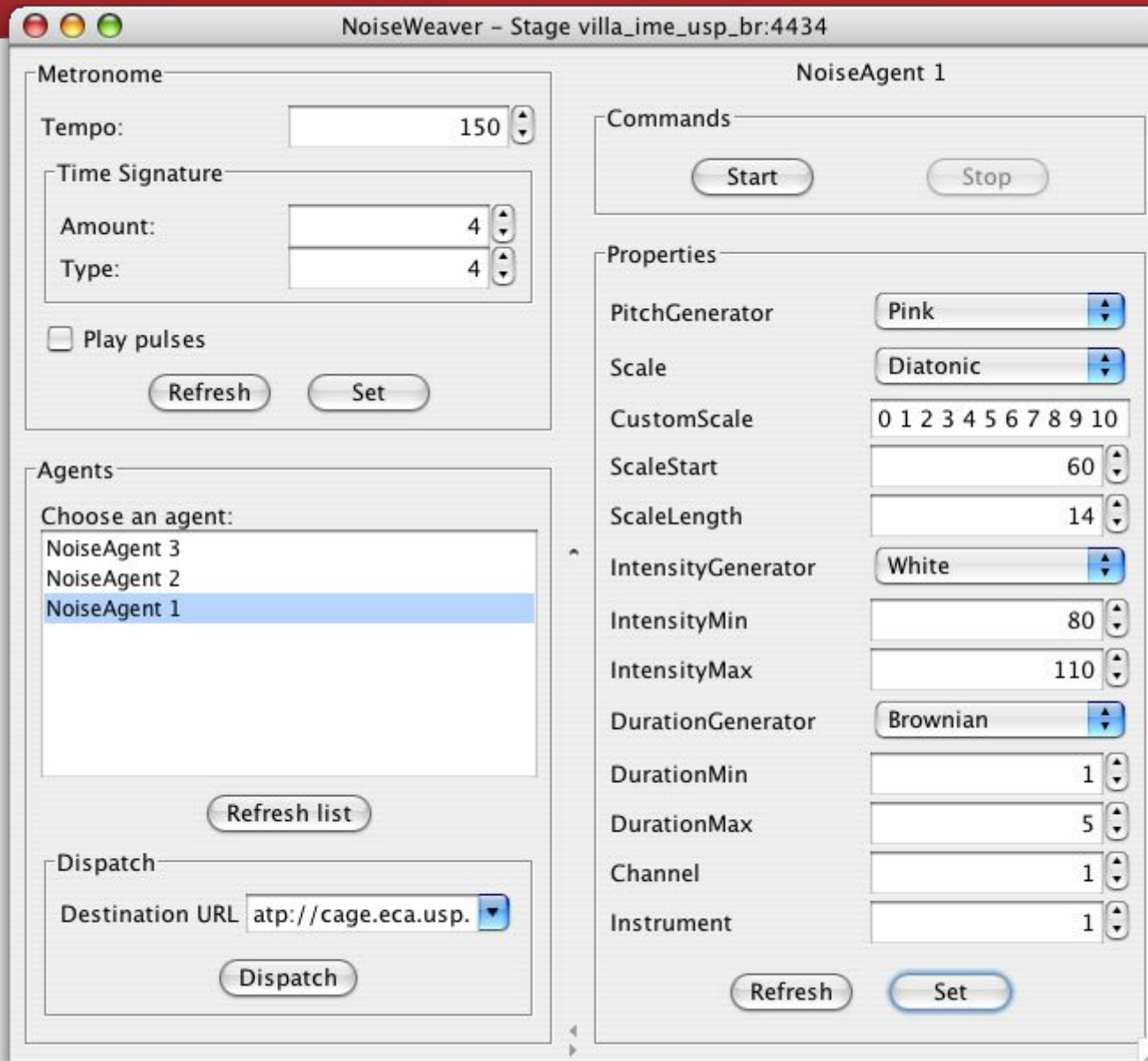
Architecture



Application: NoiseWeaver

- Generates and plays stochastic music in real-time
- One kind of agent that generates a stochastic melody
 - Pitch, intensity, and duration are determined by number generators based on $1/f^b$ noises
 - User-defined parameters determine the way the melody is generated
- Graphical interface controls parameters
- Metronome synchronizes agents

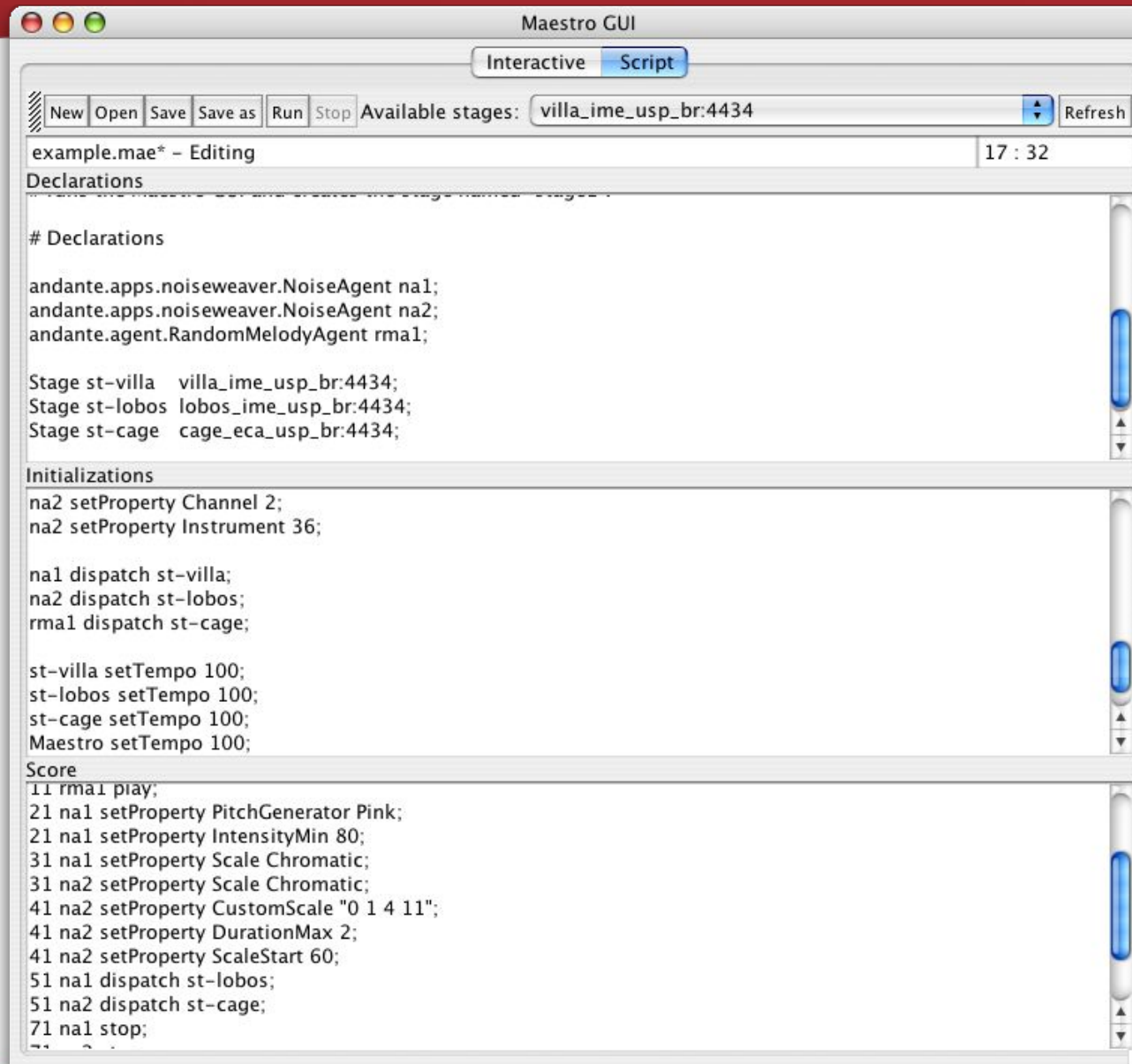
NoiseWeaver



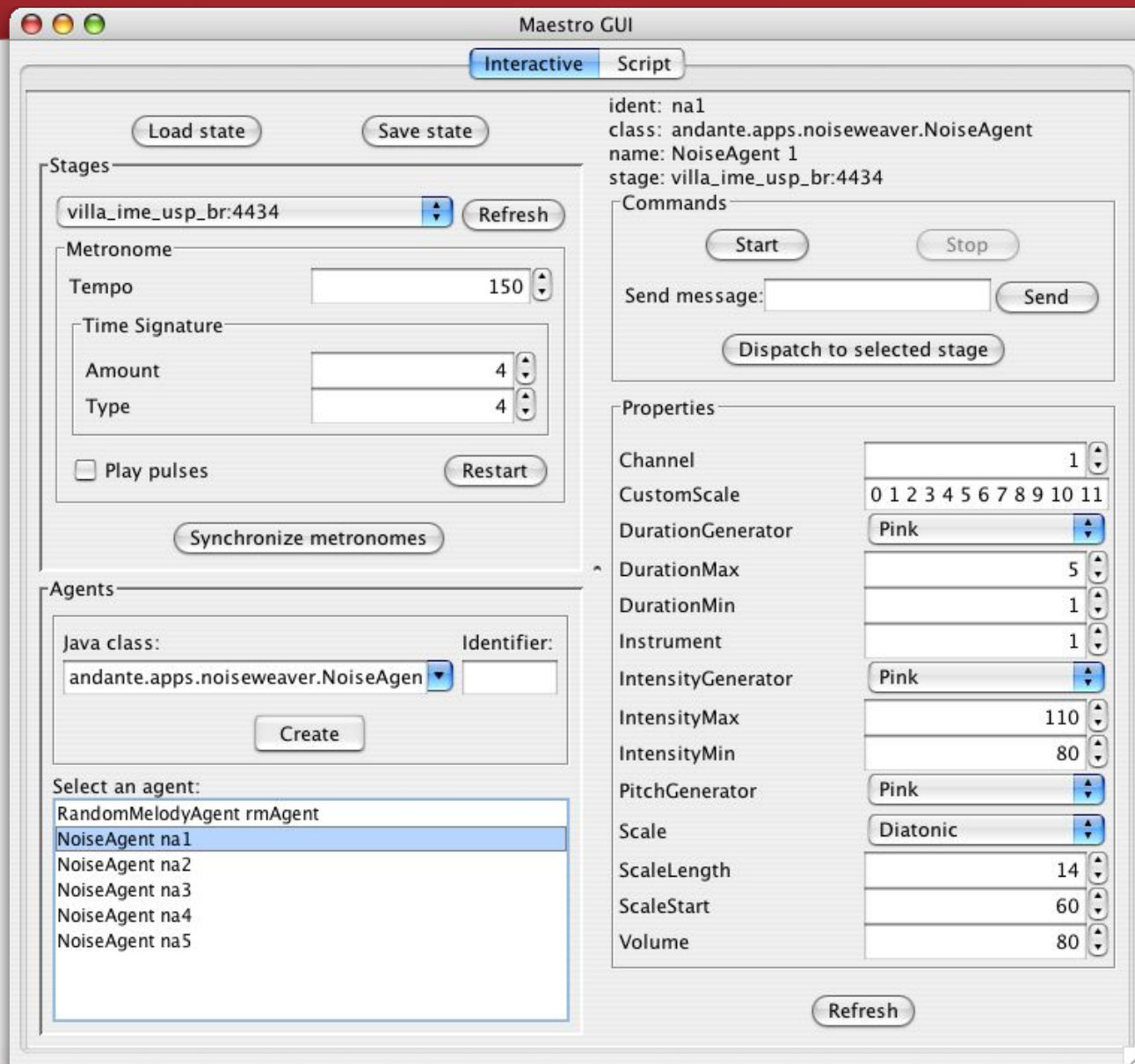
Application: Maestro

- Allows a distributed collection of agents to be controlled by a script
- Script gives time-stamped commands to agents
- Can send commands to any kind of Andante agent (via Java Reflection API)
- Graphical interface to edit and run scripts
- Generic interface to control agents interactively (similar to NoiseWeaver)

Maestro Script GUI



Maestro Interactive GUI



Maestro script

Declarations

```
NoiseAgent a1;  
NoiseAgent a2;  
Stage s1 villa:4434;  
Stage s2 lobos:4434;  
--  
# Initializations  
  
a1 setProperty Scale Diatonic;  
a1 setProperty ScaleStart 36;  
a1 setProperty Channel 1;  
a1 setProperty Instrument 1;  
a2 setProperty PitchGenerator Pink;  
a2 setProperty Scale Diatonic;  
a2 setProperty ScaleStart 72;  
a2 setProperty Channel 2;  
a2 setProperty Instrument 36;  
a1 dispatch s1;  
a2 dispatch s2;  
s1 setTempo 150;  
s2 setTempo 150;  
--
```

Score

```
1 a1 play;  
5 a2 play;  
13 a1 setProperty IntensityMin 80;  
13 a1 setProperty Scale Chromatic;  
17 a2 setProperty DurationMax 2;  
17 a2 setProperty ScaleStart 60;  
25 a1 dispatch s2;  
25 a2 dispatch s1;  
37 a1 stop;  
37 a2 stop;  
--
```

Future Work

- Quality of Service
- Work on other sound technologies: MAX/MSP, jMax, CSound, Siren, jMusic
- New applications that explore the mobility of the agents
- Move focus to music creation

For more information

- Andante Web site:

<http://gsd.ime.usp.br/andante>

- Contact: Leo Ueda <lku@ime.usp.br>, Fabio Kon <kon@ime.usp.br>
- Join us: the Andante project is seeking the help of musicians and software developers. There is a lot to be done!