Andante: A Mobile Musical Agents Infrastructure

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Outline

- Introduction
- Mobile Agents
- Mobile Musical Agents
- Andante architecture
- Sample applications
- Related work
- Future work

Introduction

- New forms of music composition and performace
- Mobile Agents
- Mobile Musical Agents
- Build an infrastructure to create applications (the Andante infrastructure)
- Attract the interest of composers and researchers

Mobile Agent

- Computer program capable of migrating from one machine to another
- Transfers its code and state
- Heterogeneous network
- Can decide itself to migrate
- May react to changes on the host environment
- Recently explored concept
- Provides different approaches to known problems

Mobile Musical Agent

- Mobile agent that participates in a process to create music
- They gather themselves in hosts in a network
- Analogy: musicians playing on a stage
- Each agent can perform one or more of the following actions:
 - Encapsulate an algorithm
 - Interact with other agents and/or real musicians
 - React to sensor
 - Migrate

Mobile Musical Agent

- Example
 - Distributed music
 - Room with several computers connected by a network
 - Each computer equipped with motion sensors and hosts a few agents
 - Agents communicate to each other and play a distributed music piece
 - A specific agent receives information from the sensor in order to follow someone who walks around the room

Andante

- Offers an infrastructure which can be used to build and run applications based on mobile musical agents
- Intended to run on different operating systems (such as Linux, MacOS, and Windows)
- Also create a community where composers and researchers collaborate do develop the system
- This work comprises the inital implementation of the infrastructure and a sample application

Used Technologies

- Java
 - Platform independence
 - Java Swing and Sound API
- CORBA
 - To allow the use of other languages in the future
- Aglets
 - Mobile agent system support for Java

Architecture

- Stage hosts agents
- Agents perform actions in a Stage
- Audio Device allows agents to produce sound
- *External program* provides human interaction with the agents

Architecture



Technical Issues

- Uses the Java Sound API
- Based on MIDI, although we plan to use other technologies (Csound, MAX/MSP)
- Latency problem: Tritonus implementation

Application: NoiseWeaver

- Sample application that takes advantage of the Andante infrastructure
- Plays stochastic music
- One kind of agent that generates a melody
 - Pitch, intensity, and duration are determined by number generators based on 1/f^b noises
 - Parameters determine the way the melody is generated
- Graphical interface to control parameters
- Metronome to synchronize agents

NoiseWeaver

∢- ∺ NoiseWeaver - Stage villa1		>
Metronome	NoiseAgent 1	
Tempo: 150 *	Commands	
Time Signature	Start	Stop
Type:	Properties	
🗌 Play pulses	PitchGenerator	Pink 🔻
Reset Set	Scale	Diatonic 💌
Agents	ScaleStart	60 -
Choose an agent:	ScaleLength	14
NoiseAgent 3 NoiseAgent 2	IntensityGenerator	White 💌
NoiseAgent 1	IntensityMin	80
	IntensityMax	110 *
	DurationGenerator	Brownian 🔻
	DurationMin	1 *
Refresh list	DurationMax	5
Dispatch	Channel	1
Destination URL atp://lobos.ime.usp.t 💌	Instrument	1
Dispatch	Reset	Set

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Related Work

- Musical Agents Fonseka, J. R. (2000)
 - Algorithmic composition
 - Agents collaborate
- Simulations with agents (Artificial Life)
 - Miranda, E. R. (2002). Mimetic development of intonation. In *Proceedings of the 2nd International Conference on Music and Artificial Intelligence (ICMAI 2002)*. Springer Verlag - Lecture Notes on Artificial Intelligence.

Future Work

- Refinement of the system
- Csound and MAX/MSP audio devices
- Interaction with composers
- New applications that explore the mobility of the agents
- Musical pieces

Andante website: http://gsd.ime.usp.br/andante